

## Test: Lessons 5 and 6

## I. Multiple Choice

Draw a circle around the word in parentheses that most appropriately completes each sentence.

1. In his comedy *The Clouds*, Aristophanes makes fun of Chaerephon for creating a pair of (magnanimous/ minuscule/ replete/ tenuous) wax slippers for a flea.
2. The New York City townhouse of Henry Clay Frick, an industrial (expletive/ macrocosm/ magnate/ magnitude), is now a museum of Western art.
3. Although (microcosm/ minutia/ polygamy/ polygon) is described as an accepted practice in the Old Testament, it is nonetheless remarkable that King Solomon had 700 wives.
4. Jack Sprat, who eats no fat, is notable in Mother Goose rhymes for his (attenuated/ implemented/ replenished/ satiated) figure.

## II. Questions

Circle the best answer to the following:

1. Which word contains the idea of small size? (magnate/ megalomania/ Micronesia/ replete)
2. Which word is *not* related to size? (macrocosm/ microbe/ minuscule/ polygon)
3. Which word is *not* derived from *implere*? (comply/ implement/ replenish/ satiate)
4. Which word refers to obedience? (attenuated/ compliant/ magnanimous/ polygamous)
5. Which word names a form of exaggerated self-importance? (macrocosm/ magnanimity/ megalomania/ repletion).

## III. Analogies

Circle the letter of the best answer.

- |                                  |                              |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. copious : plentiful ::        | 2. <i>makros</i> : little :: |
| a. magnanimous : wealthy         | a. <i>poly</i> : many        |
| b. macrocosmic : minute          | b. <i>minus</i> : less       |
| c. tenuous : flimsy              | c. <i>plenus</i> : full      |
| d. replete : expletive           | d. <i>megas</i> : small      |
| 3. <i>minuere</i> : to lessen :: |                              |
| a. <i>implere</i> : to fill      |                              |
| b. <i>copia</i> : plenty         |                              |
| c. <i>satis</i> : enough         |                              |
| d. <i>magnus</i> : to magnify    |                              |

**IV. Sentence Completions**

In the space provided, write the letter of the word that best completes the sentence. Do not use any word more than once.

- |              |                |            |
|--------------|----------------|------------|
| A. comply    | E. magnanimous | H. polygon |
| B. copious   | F. microcosm   | I. replete |
| C. expletive | G. minutiae    | J. tenuous |
| D. implement |                |            |

1. Because he feels \_\_\_\_\_ for dividing his kingdom among his daughters, King Lear is soon surprised by their ingratitude.
2. In the *Georgics*, the Roman poet Vergil portrays a colony of bees as a/an \_\_\_\_\_ of human society, complete with a queen bee, which he thought to be a king bee.
3. "Zounds!," "God's wounds!," "By'r Lady!," and "Od's me!" are several \_\_\_\_\_s which were deleted in the published transcripts.
4. Computer programming requires attention to \_\_\_\_\_ that only the most patient people can tolerate.
5. Those who do not \_\_\_\_\_ with the speed limits can expect to get traffic tickets.
6. In the 1930s, Elizabeth Bowes-Lyon commissioned for her daughter a dollhouse with a library \_\_\_\_\_ with miniature books autographed by famous authors.
7. Every year the Internal Revenue Service \_\_\_\_\_s a new tax form in an effort to make it easier for wage-earners to pay their taxes.
8. Inventor Buckminster Fuller introduced the geodesic dome, a many-sided structure of interlocking \_\_\_\_\_s.